We Claim:-

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- A master mould for forming a precursor casting of a cast member in an investment moulding process, the master
 mould having an internal surface defining a space in which said precursor casting can be formed, characterised in that said surface further defines a location indentation to provide a location projection on the precursor casting into which a holding member can be inserted to engage an internal member.
 - 2. A master mould according to claim 1 characterised in that the precursor casting is formed of a first removable material and the internal member is formed of a removable material.
- 15 3. A master mould according to claim 1 characterised in that the location indentation has a first dimension transverse to said surface, and has a second dimension generally parallel to surface, the first dimension being less than the second dimension.
- 20 4. A master mould according to claim 3 characterised in that the ratio of the first dimension to the second dimension is in the range of 1:5 to 1:10.
 - 5. A master mould according to claim 4 wherein the ratio of the first dimension to the second dimension is in the range of 1:6 to 1:10.
 - 6. A master mould according to claim 5 characterised in that the ratio of the first dimension to the second dimension is substantially 1:7.5.
- 7. A master mould according to claim 1 characterised in that the location indentation is generally circular.
 - 8. A master mould according to any of claims 1 to 6 characterised in that the location indentation has a generally aerodynamic configuration.
- 9. A master mould according to claim 1 characterised in that the master mould defines a plurality of said location indentations arranged in pairs, the indentations of each

respective pair being arranged generally opposite each other.

- A precursor casting of a cast member to be formed investment moulding process, an the precursor 5 casting having the configuration of the cast member the precursor casting comprising a main body (29A, 24B) and an internal member within said main body, the main body having external surface characterised in that projection is provided on the external surface into which a holding member can be located to engage the internal member in the precursor casting, wherein the location projection has a first dimension transverse to said surface and a second dimension generally parallel to said surface, the first dimension being less than the second dimension.
- 15 11. A precursor casting according to claim 10 characterised in that the ratio of the first dimension to the second dimension is in the range of 1:5 to 1:10.
 - 12. A precursor casting according to claim 11 characterised in that the ratio of the first dimension to the second dimension is in the range of 1:6 to 1:10.
 - 13. A precursor casting according to claim 12 characterised in that the ratio of the first dimension to the second dimension is in substantially 1:7.5.
 - 14. A precursor casting according to claim 10
- 25 characterised by being formed of a suitable first removable material.
 - 15. A precursor casting according to claim 10 characterised in that the internal member is formed of a second removable material.
- 30 16. A precursor casting according to claim 10 characterised in that the location projection is generally circular.
 - 17. A precursor casting according to claim 10 characterised in that the location projection is generally of an aerodynamic configuration.
 - 18. A precursor casting according to claim 10

characterised in that the precursor casting includes a plurality of said location projections arranged in pairs, generally opposite each other.

- An investment moulding process for forming a cast member, the investment moulding process comprising providing a master mould using the master mould to form a precursor casting from a first removable material, the master mould having an internal surface defining a space in which said precursor casting can be formed, characterised 10 in that said surface defines a location indentation to a corresponding location provide projection precursor casting, into which a holding member can be located to engage an internal member in the precursor casting.
- 15 20. An investment moulding process according to claim 19 characterised in that the location indentation has a first dimension transverse to said surface, and has a second dimension generally parallel to said surface, the first dimension being less than the second dimension.
- 20 21. An investment moulding process according to claim 19 characterised in that the location projection has a first dimension transverse to said surface of the precursor casting and a second dimension generally parallel to said surface of the precursor casting, the first dimension being less than the first dimension.
- 22. An investment moulding process according to claim 19 characterised in that the method further includes locating a holding member on the location projection, and thereafter inserting the holding member into the precursor casting to engage the internal member.
 - 23. An investment moulding process according to claim 19 characterised in that the precursor casting is provided with a plurality of location projections, and the method further includes locating a respective holding member on each location projection and inserting each holding member into the precursor casting to engage the internal member.

24. An investment moulding process according to claim 23 characterised in that the method includes encasing the precursor casting in a second removable material to form an investment mould, wherein the step of inserting the or each holding member includes arranging the or each holding member to project outwardly from the precursor casting held in place by the second removable materials.